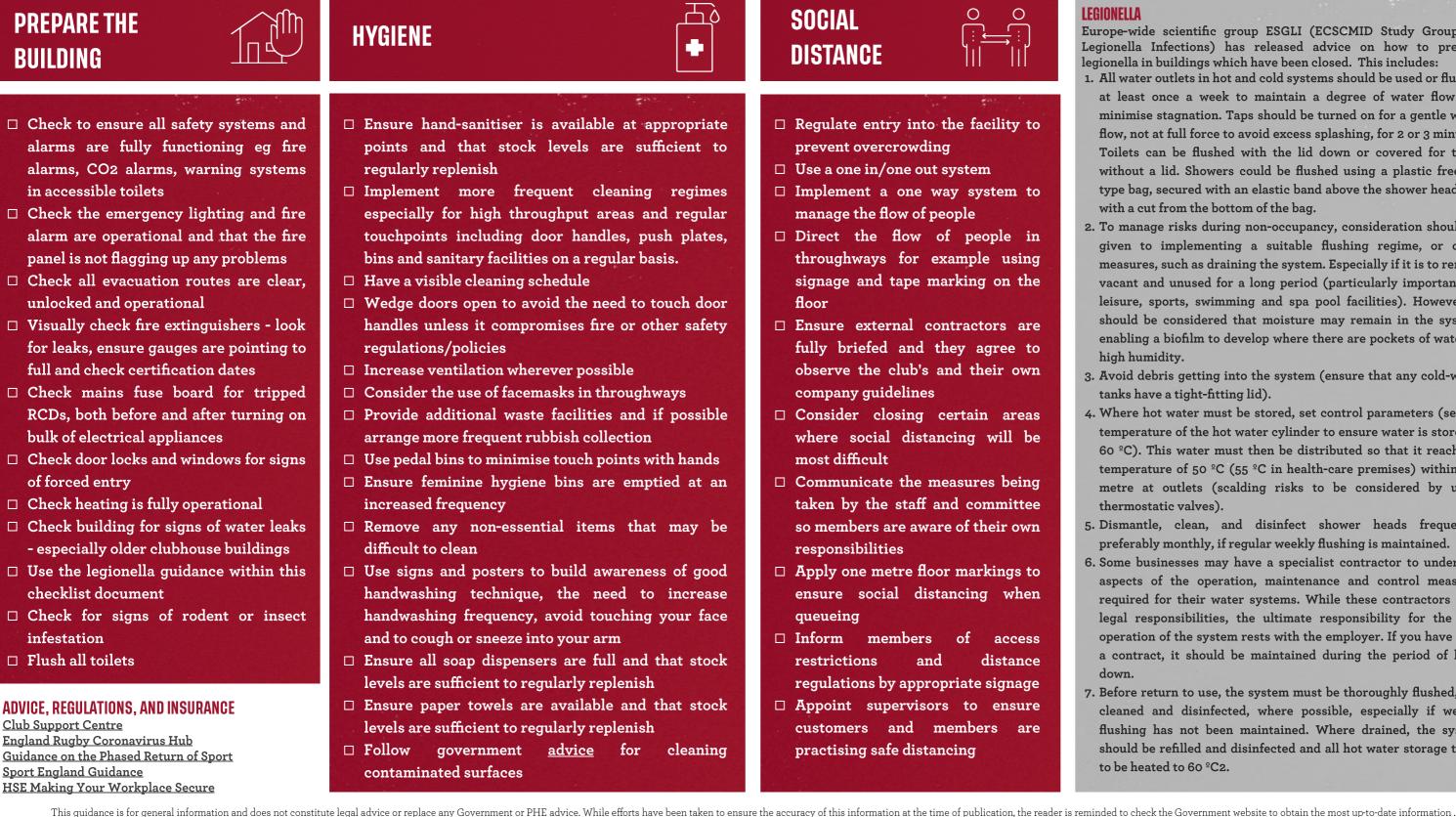


TOILETS & THROUGHWAYS CHECKLIST

Work through the checklists below in order to; 1. make changes to facilities to help prevent the spread of Covid-19; and 2. open facilities safely & efficiently





Europe-wide scientific group ESGLI (ECSCMID Study Group for Legionella Infections) has released advice on how to prevent legionella in buildings which have been closed. This includes:

1. All water outlets in hot and cold systems should be used or flushed at least once a week to maintain a degree of water flow and minimise stagnation. Taps should be turned on for a gentle water flow, not at full force to avoid excess splashing, for 2 or 3 minutes. Toilets can be flushed with the lid down or covered for those without a lid. Showers could be flushed using a plastic freezertype bag, secured with an elastic band above the shower head and with a cut from the bottom of the bag.

2. To manage risks during non-occupancy, consideration should be given to implementing a suitable flushing regime, or other measures, such as draining the system. Especially if it is to remain vacant and unused for a long period (particularly important for leisure, sports, swimming and spa pool facilities). However, it should be considered that moisture may remain in the system, enabling a biofilm to develop where there are pockets of water or

3. Avoid debris getting into the system (ensure that any cold-water tanks have a tight-fitting lid).

4. Where hot water must be stored, set control parameters (set the temperature of the hot water cylinder to ensure water is stored at 60 °C). This water must then be distributed so that it reaches a temperature of 50 °C (55 °C in health-care premises) within one metre at outlets (scalding risks to be considered by using thermostatic valves).

5. Dismantle, clean, and disinfect shower heads frequently, preferably monthly, if regular weekly flushing is maintained.

6. Some businesses may have a specialist contractor to undertake aspects of the operation, maintenance and control measures required for their water systems. While these contractors have legal responsibilities, the ultimate responsibility for the safe operation of the system rests with the employer. If you have such a contract, it should be maintained during the period of lock-

7. Before return to use, the system must be thoroughly flushed, and cleaned and disinfected, where possible, especially if weekly flushing has not been maintained. Where drained, the system should be refilled and disinfected and all hot water storage tanks to be heated to 60 °C2.